The Port Crescent Leader.

VOL. 1. NO. 43. PORT CRESCENT, WASHINGTON, THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1891. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

IN MAGNIFICENT SHAPE

For Crowding Work on the Breakwater Along at a Gallop.

THE NEW MACHINERY IN PLACE.

And a Portion of It is Now Adjusted and in Operation, and Working Like a Charm—An Equipment With Which Ten-Ton Blocks of Stone Can be Handled and Placed Where Wanted, With Greatest Ease—A Double-Track Railway Now Carries Rapidly Handled Rock out to the Extremity of the Breakwater, and a Third Track is Soon to be Laid—The New Derrick, Now Being Erected, Will be a Giant, Capable of Doing an Immense Amount of Work—Getting in Readiness to Put the New Hoisting Engine Into Service—A Lot of New Cars to be Built, and the Merry Chug of the Pile Driver Will Accompany the Constant Booming of the Countless Tons of Rock that are Being Added to the Breakwater.

THESE ARE DAYS FULL of radical, almost astounding changes, over at the breakwater. Two weeks ago, had you spent an hour or two watching the rapid and satisfactory way in which work was being dispatched, you could not fail being impressed with the magnitude of the undertaking, the vigor which it was being pushed and the ability of its management.

Go over there to-day and you will not recognize many of the things that won your admiration a fortnight ago. And were it not for the massive breakwater itself, which serves as a safe anchor to memory, it would be an easy matter to believe that you were contemplating a wholly new enterprise.

Within those two weeks, many large and changeful things have happened.

First, in preparation for the blast that was to topple into the cut a big slice of the cliff, the engine, derrick and all the original plant of machinery, railroad track, switches, etc., had been removed.

Then came the big blast, Tuesday of last week, that threw great masses of stone into the cut from which so many thousands of tons of rock had been taken and added to the breakwater, and went far toward changing the face of nature. The dislodged rock, lying in great jagged blocks, ranging all the way from 30,000 pounds downward, are piled high in the opening in the bluff, and tell, in their impressive wreckage, an eloquent story of the mighty force that tore them from their ancient ledges and placed them convenient to the needs of men and machinery.

Following hard upon this cliff-tumbling explosion, came another transformation scene, and the greatest and most significant one of all.

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As soon as the debris scattered by the blast could be removed, and the necessary working space had been cleared, the work of getting the new equipment of machinery in place, and of preparing to prosecute work on a vastly enlarged scale, was begun.

That was a task, sure enough.

The old engine house was removed, and the engine, brought back from the pier, to which it had been sent for safety during the blast, was placed out on the pile driver, at the end of the long, thirty-two foot trestle. In the future, it will be used for operating the pile driver.

The new machinery—the big thirty-horse power boiler, the twenty-horse power Lidgerwood hoisting engine; the Lidgerwood swinging engine and the appliances for the powerful derrick—had been in storage at the warehouse on the wharf since their arrival from San Francisco. On Friday, they were loaded onto a barge and taken over to the breakwater. There, they were hoisted from the barge, by means of a steam derrick, to the breakwater wharf, loaded upon cars and run into shore.

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The blast had brought down so much rock and so filled up the cut, that it took nice figuring, at first, to make proper room for the new machinery—which covers a deal of ground—and leave a sufficient amount of available working space. This problem was finally satisfactorily solved, by placing the two engines, the boiler and two big derricks in a large V-shaped space between the two railroad tracks running out to the end of the breakwater.

The big boiler—into the fire-box of which Billy Smallwood airily tosses cord-wood, as occcasion requires—occupies the north end of the engine room. The giant-limbed hoisting engine fills the middle space, and the smaller Lidgerwood the south end.

A double-track railway—the rails of which are laid on immense, solid stringers—traverses the entire length of the wide trestle, one track leaving the shore to the east of and the other to the west of the engine house. These railways have been built with great care, and with an eye to solidity, durability and excellence, and certainly give evidence of splendid workmanship. They are very sightly.

The trestle between the two tracks will be planked, and a third track will be put down, thus enabling three lines of cars to be kept in constant operation.

The new derrick, which will be swung by the smaller Lidgerwood engine, is being erected just to the southeast of the engine room. It will have a massive mast, 29 feet high, and at the outset—until the close-lying rock have been removed—a thirty-two foot boom. Later on, this boom will be replaced with one 45 feet in length, and which is now in readiness. This derrick will be braced by sturdy "stiff legs" instead of steel guys, and will be rigged, in every particular, for the heaviest kind of work. It will be one of the finest affairs of the kind to be found on any work—Government or private enterprises—in the state of Washington. In fact, this same statement is true of the entire new equipment of machinery for the breakwater. It is simply the best that money could buy.

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The small Lidgerwood engine was put into use Tuesday afternoon, operating the old derrick, hoisting rock. It is a little giant. It yanked around and loaded into cars innocent little nuggets weighing three tons and over, with an ease that won one's admiration.

The big Lidgerwood is set up, and being adjusted and put in readiness for operation. It will be ready for duty as soon as the finishing touches can be put to the new derrick. When those two mammoths go to work, blocks of stone weighing ten tons can be handled more readily than two and three ton loads were managed with the old machinery. And bear in mind that when you come to disposing of ten-ton chunks at one bite, you are doing some business.

A new lot of cars, capable of conveying the heavy stuff that they will soon begin to move, are to be built at once; and the workshop, in which they will be constructed, will be established out on the breakwater wharf.

With three engines, three derricks, three railways, a pile driver and a busy force of men driving away with all their might, six days a week, it is easy to understand how effective work on the breakwater can be crowded along on the gallop, now.

And that is just the way it is going to go—on the gallop.

There Will Be a Rush to Western Washington.

Mr. Albert Kelley, the well-known New York banker, and his son, Mr. Norman Kelley, both of whom are largely interested in property in Western Washington, are now visiting the Sound country. In a recent interview with a representative of the press, the elder Mr. Kelley said:

"I am looking for a very large movement from the East to the Sound country this season. This Northwest is now much better known than ever before, and is becoming a sort of Mecca for the man who wishes to change his condition for the better. Then, too, the number of tourists coming here is larger each year, and many who come simply to see the country make investments here, or perhaps actually decide to settle here.

"Another thing to be considered is that the money market in New York city and other Eastern financial centers has considerably improved. There is plenty of money to be had at comparatively low rates, and this financial ease is a good sign.

"I attribute the change from the stringency of a few months ago in part to the adjournment of Congress, and the consequent assurance that for a time at least there will be no tinkering with the country's circulating medium. Free silver coinage would mean inflation, rash speculation and disaster following."

He Died Among Strangers.

Mr. C. A. Hybarger, of Twin Rivers township, died at Port Angeles, Tuesday night, after an illness of less than a week. Mr. Hybarger came to Washington from Texas, and so far as known here, he has no relatives in this section of the country. He has been in delicate health for many months past. He went up to Port Angeles, about three weeks ago, to prove up on his claim, and seems to have remained there until the time of his death. His remains have been interred at that place.

Raney-Moulton.

Mr. John F. Raney and Miss Nellie Moulton were united in marriage, Wednesday evening. The ceremony occurred at 9 o'clock, at Mr. Raney's residence, and was performed, in admirable style, by Justice Winfield Miller.

MR. GEORGE W. ALBRIGHT, with his wife and two sons, have removed from Quitman county, Mo., to the vicinity of Port Crescent. They will make their future home here. Mr. Albright is the father of Mr. Joel H. Albright, one of the best-known settlers in this neighborhood, and is pretty well acquainted here himself.

They'll Get the Hermosa.

Capt. A. W. Horne, of the Garland, while in Port Crescent, Wednesday, said that his company fully hoped to succeed in purchasing the beautiful passenger steamer, the Hermosa, to put her on the run between Seattle, Port Townsend, Port Crescent and way ports. Capt. L. B. Hastings, representing this company, has gone to San Francisco, for the purpose of closing up the deal without further delay, if possible.

It is to be hoped that Captain Hastings' mission will be a successful one, and that the Hermosa will soon be at the service of the tide of travelers now heading toward Port Crescent, for with such a swift and perfectly equipped boat as the Hermosa, her owners could hold their own on this route, for a long time to come. The people all along the line feel very kindly to the Garland's owners and will stand by them loyally, as long as they will afford accommodations for the traffic of the route—a traffic that is growing at a tremendous rate.

So valuable has this route become, that other steamship owners and steamship men are beginning to look upon it with covetous eyes, and it is an open secret now that a number of Seattle's monied men, who are interested in shipping, are planning to put a large and a first-class boat on this run.

To get an idea of the proportions of the business that the now sadly overtaxed Garland has to handle, all one has to do is to visit the wharf any day, and see the crowds of passengers thronging her decks, and note the cargoes of freight with which she is regularly burdened.

The fact of the matter is, this country is developing so rapidly that the natural demands of the route upon a boat have completely outgrown the faithful Garland's ability to meet them. The Hermosa would fill the bill admirably, and the LEADER hopes that the Garland company will get her on this run before a vigorous competitor invades their field. There's danger in delay.

In Splendid Shape.

The furniture for the new school house has arrived, and the elegant, convenient and comfortable hard-wood desks are now being placed by Mr. M. L. Hollister, under the direction of Director W. S. Miller. The desks are double, folding-seat, latest style affairs, and certainly present a handsome appearance. The teacher's desk is as attractive as commodious.

A portion of the equipment purchased for the room consists of a splendid terrestial globe and thirty-two charts, of the most approved issue. The globe is a beauty, and one that will prove of immense value in the school room.

MR. RICHARD MCDONNELL returned from a visit to Port Townsend, Monday.

MR. J. H. MARSH, of Stanwood, Washington, was here on business the present week.

MR. CHARLES LOVEL, of Anacortes, was among this week's visitors to Port Crescent.

MR. CLAUS SKAVDAL and family are enjoying a visit to Seattle and other up-Sound points.

MR. A. E. TOWER returned, Wednesday from a business jaunt to Port Townsend, Victoria and Seattle.

JUSTICE W. S. MILLER has moved in from his ranch, and with his family, is now occupying a portion of Mr. Gus Coleman's residence.

MR. PETER NELSON and family arrived here Wednesday, from Port Discovery, and will make their home on a ranch not far from Port Crescent.

AMONG the throng of passengers who came on the Garland, Wednesday, was a delightful party of three, whose stay here was all too brief. They were Mr. and Mrs. Fred C. Whitcomb and Miss Elizabeth Donnell, of Tacoma, who were en route to Neah Bay, near which place they intend to enjoy the romance and brave the hardships of ranching. Mr. and Mrs. Whitcomb were formerly of St. Paul, and Miss Donnell came out to Washington, several months ago, from Springfield, Ohio.

MR. GEORGE MOORE, of Anacortes, an exceedingly pleasant young gentleman, whom one instinctively likes, spent the greater portion of the week in Port Crescent. He has but recently returned from an investigation of the timber and agricultural resources of the Solduck, which he found to be exceedingiy rich indeed. He was charmed with the beauty of Lake Crescent, and will return here in about a week, to spend some little time out there. Mr. Moore was formerly a resident on Fond du Lac, Wisconsin.

The Scientific American, published by Munn & Co., New York, during forty-five years, is, beyond all question, the leading paper relating to science, mechanics and inventions published on this continent. Each weekly issue presents the latest scientific topics in an interesting and reliable manner, accompanied with engravings prepared expressly to demonstrate the subjects. The Scientific American is invaluable to every person desiring to keep pace with the inventions and discoveries of the day.

THERE IS TO BE NO DELAY

In the Survey of Township No. 30 North, Range 9 West—Lake Crescent Township.

SO SAYS THE SURVEYOR-GENERAL

In His Prompt, Full and Explicit Answer to the Letter of Inquiry Written Him by the Representative of the Settlers of the Township—The Contract for the Survey Can be Let Without Re-advertising for Bids and Will be Awarded as Soon as the Deputy Surveyor, Who Will do the Work, Reaches Olympia—Then Work Will be Commenced as Soon as the Contract is Approved by the Department—Gratifying News for the Settlers in "The Wedge"—Their Lands Will be Surveyed, Too—Preparing for a Road to Lake Crescent.

THERE are officers and officers in the public service; but it isn't often that one finds a public official who is so prompt, so explicit and so satisfactory, in every way, in his dealings with the people whose interests he conserves, as Surveyor-General Thomas H. Cavanaugh.

The residents of Township No. 30 North, Range 9 West—Lake Crescent Township—are extremely anxious that a survey of their lands should be made. They have, in the proper way, made Surveyor-General Cavanaugh acquainted with their solicitude in this direction, and at every step of the way, during the correspondence that has been had, touching the matter, he has shown an earnest, active and hearty disposition to gratify the desire of the settlers, at the earliest practicable time.

Such delay as has been experienced in getting the work under way is chargeable to the fact that the compensation allowed surveyors under the old law, was insufficient to tempt a competent man to undertake the task. The settlers had arranged to remove this bar to a survey by raising a purse to be added to the Government's allowance, of sufficient size to justify a surveyor in taking the contract; and the Surveyor-General was ready to award the contract as soon as the necessary action had been taken by the settlers.

But just at this juncture, Congress passed the bill increasing the rates for surveying in this state to $20, $23 and $25 a mile, thus rendering it unnecessary for the settlers of the Lake Township to put up any of their own money to have the survey made. It was feared, however, that the passage of the new law would necessitate further delay in awarding the contract, by making it necessary for the Surveyor.General to re-advertise for bids before letting it.

This matter was very fully discussed at the metting of settlers held at the LEADER office on Monday evening of last week, and the editor of this paper was delegated to correspond with Surveyor-General Cavanaugh, with the view of learning from him the exact status of affairs—just what course it would be necessary for him to pursue, in view of the amendments to the law; just how soon the contract could be awarded, and whether or not anything was lacking, bearing upon the matter, that the settlers could supply.

There is, in the length of Lake Crescent Township, an excess of almost a mile and a half—the result of an error in the lines run by the Government, a long time ago—and this excess is locally known as "the wedge." In "the wedge" are a great many settlers who are quite as anxious for a survey as those living within what would ordinarily be called the regular boundaries of the township. Some fear has been expressed that "the wedge" would not be surveyed at the same time that a survey of the township was made, and in the letter that the settlers' correspondent sent to the Surveyor-General, the solicitude of the residents of that locality, regarding the survey, was made very plain to him, and information requested as to what disposition would be made of "the wedge."

The Surveyor-General's reply, covering this point, is quite as satisfactory as the remainder of his letter. "The wedge" will be surveyed as a part of the township, and the survey will be made as soon as the contract can be awarded and approved. Here is General Cavanaugh's letter in full:

OFFICE OF U. S. SURVEYOR GENERAL,
STATE OF WASHINGTON,
OLYMPIA, MARCH 11, 1891.

Mr. M. J. Carrigan, Port Crescent, Washington:

DEAR SIR:—In reply to your leter of the 9th instant, relative to the survey of township 30 north, range 9 west, W. M., I have to state that, as to the increased rates to be allowed for surveys, this office has not, as yet, been officially advised by the Department as to the particular manner in awarding contracts in which these rates are to be provided for.

Under present instructions, I am not required to advertise for bids for surveys, and I have no reason to think the instructions that may be sent will be changed in this respect.

I have just received a letter from the deputy expecting to do this work, and he informs me that he "will be in Olympia, some time during this month." Tp. 30 N., R. 9 W. will undoubtedly be surveyed—including what you call "the wedge," if it is in this township, just as soon as the deputy can make his arrangements to do the work, and his contract is approved by the Department.

The settlers have done all that is required of them to do in the matter and they need have no further anxiety in regard to the survey being completed as soon as practicable.

Very respectfully,
THOS. H. CAVANAUGH,
U. S. Surveyor-General, Washington.

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The matter of securing a road to Lake Crescent is being discussed with a vigor and earnestness that augurs well for the project. Through the kindness of Manager John E. Lutz, of the Port Crescent Improvement Co., Chief Engineer A. J. Blackwood was instructed to make a survey of the shortest and most practicable route, and to furnish an estimate of the cost of building the road.

Mr. Blackwood started out to-day to make the survey, and as soon as he is ready to submit figures as to the cost of building the road, a meeting of settlers will be called, to conclude upon a plan of action.

To Hunt for Cannibals in the Olympics.

The crop of idiots seems to be on the increase. Now here comes a man—Capt. Dick Falkenberg, a gentleman well-known in New York city, and who is reputed to have an ordinary amount of good sense on ordinary subjects—who is organizing three expeditions into the Olympics, for the purpose of hunting for a race of cannibalistic Indians, whom he believes have their home there, and the big, mysterious Olympian lake, into which Captain Dick thinks all the rivers of the Olympics flow.

And to aggravate the case, all of the New York papers, and the Associated Press, herald in all seriousness Captain Dick's proposed undertaking as one of the notable enterprises of the year.

About the time that Captain Dick has spent a week in this country and has faced the grand laugh that he will get on every hand, he will wish that he had been killed by a land slide before he got west of the Cascades.

If you want to enjoy a good laugh, just read this dispatch, sent out from New York to all the big daily papers:

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Captain Dick Falkenberg has called for to-morrow morning, at his residence, No. 265 West Forty-first street, a meeting of gentlemen who are to accompany him in his expedition through the unexplored parts of the new state of Washington. They start from New York on Sunday, March 29th, and travel right through to Seattle, where they will be joined by a few more gentlemen desirous of adventure and fame. The party to start from here comprises about eight men, but Captain Dick is willing to accept more followers, if, upon acquaintance and information, he finds them to be made of the right stuff.

"At Seattle, the captain will lay in provisions for an eight months' trip across the unknown regions which are bordered by the Olympic mountains. The first journey will be made to the north, where they will find a few settlements and get fresh provisions for a second trip in a southwesterly direction, toward the Pacific, and then a third march will be made across the unexplored section, back to Seattle. Each of these trips will take about eight months, and is to be made entirely on foot, as the forests are so thick that the men will have to cut their way through, and cannot possibly take saddle horses. Captain Dick says that if possible he will take along one pack-mule to carry their provisions, which will not be much. He will take along only flour, salt and a small quantity of meat. He thinks there is game and fruit enough to live on.

"There are current among the natives and settlers of the section to be visited, horrible tales of a wild tribe of Indians living in the Olympic mountains. They are reported to be cannibals of most savage order. People have disappeared from the neighborhood and have never been seen agam, and it is supposed that they were kidnapped by these Indians and fricasseed. It is claimed that a white man has never yet entered that section and returned to tell the tale. Fear of these cannibals has prevented, so far, all attempts to explore that rich tract of land.

"It is known to rain there, but not a single stream comes down from the Olympic mountains to the outside. Captain Dick reasons, therefore, that all rain and water from the mountains runs to a lake some where in the center of the unexplored area, and that such lake must have some subterranean outlet to the Sound or the Pacific ocean.

A GOOD many people in Port Crescent are beginning to manifest a painful desire to know what has become of Mr. Paul Barnes' mule.

THE attention of the merchants of the county, and all those having occasion to use scales, weights or measures, is called to the advertisement of Auditor B. John Baker, printed on the third page of this paper.

THE OFFICIAL DECREE.

Containing the Important Amendments to the Land Law, Now in Force.

A BAR TO HARRASSING CONTESTS.

Proper Protection from Annoying "Stake-Raising" Claimants Now Extended to those Who Have Properly Proved up on their Claims and Obtained the Necessary Receipts—No Danger to be Feared While Waiting for a Patent—A Residence of Fourteen Months Now Required Before a Homestead Entry May be Commuted—The Day of Pre-emptions a Thing of the Past—How Public Lands May be Disposed of at Public Sale—A Provision in the Interest of the Poor Man.

REGISTER T. M. REED, of the Land Office at Seattle, has favored the LEADER with a complete and accurate copy of the new land law, containing amendments that are of vital interest to settlers.

Such sections of the law as are of immediate concern to settlers in Western Washington—those repealing the pre-emption law; extending the time within which title may be acquired to a homestead, by commutation, from six to fourteen months; barring contests after a settler has proved up on his claim and obtained his receipt from the Land Office for the price of the land; the time within which suits by the United States to annul patents, must be brought; governing the cutting of timber on Government lands; and the circumstances under which public lands shall be offered at public sale—are all given in full. Here they are:

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SEC. 4. That chapter 4 of title XXXII, excepting sections 2275, 2276, 2286 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, and all other laws allowing pre-emption of the public lands of the United States, are hereby repealed, but all bona fide claims lawfully initiated before the passage of this act, under any of said provisions of law so repealed, may be perfected upon due compliance with law in the same manner, upon the same terms and conditions, and subject to the same limitations, forfeitures and contests, as if this act had not been passed.

SEC. 5. That sections 2289 and 2290, in said chapter numbered 5 of the Revised Statutes, be and the same are hereby amended, so that they shall read as follows:

"SEC. 2288. Every person who is the head of a family, or who has arrived at the age of twenty-one years, and is a citizen of the United States, or who has filed his declaration of intention to become such, as required by the naturalization laws, shall be entitled to enter one quarter-section, or a less quantity of unappropriated public lands, to be located in a body in conformity to the legal sub-divisions of the public lands; but no person who is the proprietor of more than 160 acres of land in any State or Territory shall acquire any right under the homestead law. And every person owning and residing on land may, under the provisions of this section, enter other land lying contiguous to his land, which shall not, with the land so already owned and occupied, exceed in the aggregate, 160 acres.

"SEC. 2290. That any person applying to enter land under the preceding section shall first make and subscribe before the proper officer and file in the proper land office an affidavit that he or she is the head of a family, or is over twenty-one years of age, and that such application is honestly and in good faith made for the purpose of actual settlement and cultivation, and not for the benefit of any other person, persons, or corporation, and that he or she will faithfully and honestly endeavor to comply with all the requirements of law as to settlement, residence and cultivation necessary to acquire title to the land applied for; that he or she is not acting as agent of any person, corporation or syndicate in making such entry, nor in collusion with any person, corporation, or syndicate to give them the benefit of the land entered, or any part thereof, or the timber thereon; that he or she does not apply to enter the same for the purpose of speculation, but in good faith to obtain a home for himself or herself, and that he or she has not directly or indirectly made, and will not make, any agreement or contract in any way or manner, with any person or persons, corporation, or syndicate whatsoever, by which the title which he or she might acquire from the government of the United States should inure in whole or in part, to the benefit of any person, except himself or herself; and upon filing such affidavit with the Register or Receiver, on payment of $5 when the entry is not more than 80 acres, and on payment of $10 when the entry is for more than 80 acres, he of she shall thereupon be permitted to enter the amount of land specified."

SEC. 6. That section 2301 of the Revised Statutes be amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 2301. Nothing in this chapter shall be so construed as to prevent any person who shall hereafter avail himself of the benefits of section 2289 from paying the minimum price for the quantity of land so entered at any time after the expiration of 14 calendar months from the date of such entry, and obtaining a patent therefor, upon making proof of settlement and of residence and cultivation for such period of fourteen months; and the provision of this section shall apply to lands on the ceded portion of the Sioux reservation, by act approved March 2, 1889, in South Dakota, but shall not relieve said settlers from any payments now required by law.

SEC. 7. That whenever it shall appear to the Commissioner of the General Laud Office that a clerical error has been committed in the entry of any of the public lands, such entry may be suspended upon proper notification to the claimant, through the local land office, until the error has been corrected; and all entries made under the pre-emption, homestead, desert-land, or timber-culture laws, in which final proof and payment may have been made and certificates issued, and to which there are no adverse claims originating prior to final entry, and which have been sold or incumbered prior to the 1st day of March, 1888, and after final entry to bona fide purchasers or incumbrancers, for a valuable consideration, shall, unless upon an investigation by a Govern-

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THE PORT CRESCENT LEADER.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER:

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY, BY

M. J. CARRIGAN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered in the Post-office at Port Crescent, Wash., for transmission through the mail as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year	$2.00
Six Months	1.00
Three Months	.75

Thursday, March 19th, 1891.

That Major McKinley will be the Republican nominee for Governor of Ohio now seems to be among the certainties.

The total amount of appropriations by the Fifty-first Congress foot up $989,700,000—almost a thousand million dollars.

After Governor Laughton gets one real good dose of Port Angeles antagonisms, he'll wish that he'd never been born—or that the Legislature had refused to grant Clallam county a Superior Judge.

It is estimated, by the Directory of the World's Fair, that the necessary expenditures for the big show will amount to $17,625,453, divided as follows: For construction, $12,766,890; administration and organization, $3,308,563; operation, $1,550,000. On these estimates, the work has been commenced and is to be energetically pushed, now that the location of the buildings has been finally decided upon, and the plans virtually approved.

The records of the post-office department show that during the two years of the present administration, ended March 4, there were 2,754 appointments made of presidential postmasters. Of this number 478 were made upon resignation and 965 upon expiration of commission; 778 upon removals, 74 to fill vacancies caused by death and 459 at offices which were raised from the fourth to the presidential class during the two years. At 29 presidential offices no changes have yet been made.

State Geologist Bethune's report on the mines and minerals of Washington is in great demand all over the United States, and the prospects are that a second edition will be necessary in order to meet the demand. Mr. Bethune is now arranging for active work in the field, and as the state has been liberal in its appropriations, he will be able to do efficient work this season. A geological survey will be made of all the mining districts in the state, and the precious metal producing districts will probably first receive his attention.

Politicians at Spokane Falls say that Senator John B. Allen is a candidate for the new circuit judgeship, and that he is likely to be appointed by the president to that position. Mr. Allen assigns as his reasons for seeking the office that he is loath to enter the senatorial race again, owing to the expense; that he is a lawyer and would perfer the judgeship, which is for life, with a salary of $6,000. It is understood that Senator Squire has indorsed him. If Allen should be appointed judge, it is believed that Judge Calkins would succeed him in the Senate, by appointment.

Our neighbor, the new state of Washington, says the San Francisco Chronicle, has reflected infinite credit upon herself by making an appropriation of $100,000 for the World's Fair. The legislature of that state seems to have secured a firm grasp upon the idea that the exposition will be of incalculable benefit to the states which need people, and as Washington is in that category, the legislature would not let the opportunity slip. The action of this young and progressive state is in striking contrast to that of Texas, which refused to make any appropriation whatever for the World's Fair. Washington deserves to prosper, and she will.

The Forrest revenue and taxation bill, which passed both houses and is now a law, is a very voluminous document, covering thirty pages in type. As adopted it has 120 sections. It provides that all real and personal property shall be subject to valuation at 12, noon, on the 1st of April, and then gives the usual statutory description of property. It exempts schools, colleges, etc., cemeteries, church property used exclusively for public worship, up to $5,000, and places the exemption on all personal property at $300.

The schedule prepared for personal property contains thirty-six divisions, and it must be verified under oath. Every person being of age and sound mind must give a list of all properties, and it may be added by the assessor, "so that no property shall escape assessment and taxation." The assessor is empowered to examine persons under oath as to their property and its value.

All personal and real property of mercantile corporations is treated the same as that of individuals. Banks are required to furnish a statement of paid up capital stock, surplus and undivided profits, and assessed, less any real estate. Foreign banks and private bankers, having no fixed capital in the state, are to be assessed on a general average of money used as exhibited by their daily or monthly balance sheets.

A tax of 4 mills per ton is imposed upon every ton of coal mined in the state.

Section forty-four requires that all property shall be assessed at its true and fair value in money; and a separate standard of value is not to be accepted because it is the basis of taxation. What property would bring at a forced sale at auction is not to be the criterion of value, but what it would be sold for cash, at a fair, voluntary valuation.

The duties of the county assessor are defined at very considerable length, and the responsibility fixed upon him by penal bonds. He is required to view personally, or by deputy, every piece of property assessed, and in every possible way devisable by statute, insure an absolutely full valuation of all real estate and personal property.

Every person over 21 and under 50 is subject to a poll tax of $2, except volunteer firemen. As an inducement to diligence, the assessor is allowed 10 per cent. of all individual poll taxes collected.

County commissioners will, as heretofore, sit as a board of equalization, meeting on the first Monday in August. Assessors are to meet at the state capital yearly in February, for the purpose of classifying and formulating a uniform schedule of personal property.

Another change of very great importance in the method of collecting taxes is made. The county treasurer is made the collector of delinquent taxes, as under the laws of last session, but the delinquent penalty is raised to 10 per cent., with interest at the rate of 20 per cent. per annum. Without delay after the 1st of March, the treasurer must proceed to destrain. He is made personally liable for taxes which are not collected but are collectable.

Delinquent taxes, with costs, are a lien upon real estate and a very elaborate provision is made that no record of sale or transfer can be made until they are settled, A rebate of three per cent. is allowed on all new taxes paid before January 1, of each year.

The Pennsylvania law is followed pretty closely as to the sale of delinquent property. Briefly, suit may be brought by the county to recover, and if no defendant appears, judgment may be entered and sale follow as in ordinary foreclosure proceedings. If there be a surplus over the taxes and costs, it shall be paid to the county treasurer, and at any time the surplus may be obtained on proof of ownership. Two years is the outside time for redemption in excepted cases.

In discussing the many peculiar features of the legislative session recently closed at Olymyia, with a representative of the Tacoma Globe, a conspicuous member of that body paid the following well-deserved compliment to Acting Governor Charles E. Laughton, an official whose executive ability, clear-headedness and political sagacity strongly commend to the admiration of the Republicans of Washington:

"Few of us escaped criticism, either from our colleagues, our constituents, or the press. * * In fact, it was a session which brought forth the shafts of criticism from every direction. As I said before, few escaped. The most notable exception to this assertion was Governor Laughton, and I am the more surprised at this when the surrounding circumstances were taken into consideration. With not a moment's warning, on the 25th of December, he was notified of Governor Ferry's intention to absent himself during the session, and called upon to prepare a message in a month, to which there should have been devoted at least three or four months. Notwithstanding the brief period allowed him, he went through every single state department, and sent a message to the legislature, which, it is universally conceded, has never been surpassed, if even equaled, in this state for catholicity of views, wholesome suggestions and beauty of expression. It was a masterpiece, and the outbursts of applause which frequently interrupted its reading, demonstrated the favor with which it was received.

"He had outlined a policy in thirty days' time for his party, and that policy, with a single exception, (the railroad question), was carried out by the senate, and would have been by the house, had there been anyone in the body conspicuously capable of leading the members.

"Laughton had disappointed even his enemies at the signal ability which he had displayed in taking hold of the helm, and the skill with which he avoided the perilous shoals upon which more than one state craft had foundered.

"Then came the senatorial struggle. Active as he had always been in the political arena, it was now supposed that he would be found in the heat of the fight, on one side or the other.

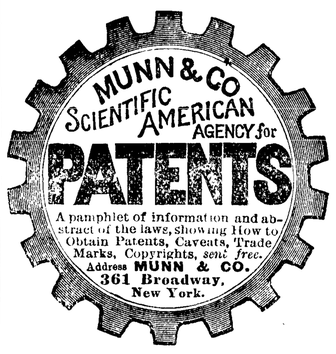
"Again were both friends and enemies disappointed. In language so emphatic that it could not be misunderstood, he announced his determination no to take any part one way or the other. In vain he was importuned by both factions. His invariable reply was, substantially:

' "I am the governor of this state; of all its people—Democrats, Republicans, Prohibitionists, Farmers' Alliance people, Calkins' people, Squires' people, and all other classes. Each and all have their choice, and the spectacle of witnessing their governor using his high office for the purpose of carrying out his own personal views would be far from a pleasant one to them. No, it is beneath the dignity of the office for me to do other than to follow the policy of 'Hands off.'

"And to this policy Laughton did strongly adhere, notwithstanding the tremendous pressure that was brought to bear upon him to deviate from it.

"I was not so much surprised at it as others, for I had known him for twenty years, almost—known him when he was lieutenant governor and acting governor of Nevada; and his record for statecraft in that state was a most enviable one. Doubtless it was his familiarity with state matters that enabled him to master the details of each state department prior to the preparation of his message, although his experience as president of the senate, last winter, contributed in no slight degree to a knowledge of the needs of the state.

"Yes, Laughton is a great deal stronger man to-day than he was ninety days ago, and if it is true that he intends to enter the race for the gubernatorial nomination two years hence, he will make it exceedingly warm for some of his opponents, for he is one of the brainiest politicians in the state, and all the deceptive moves on the political chessboard are as well-known to him as a child is to its mother."



The Credit that is Its Due.

The following letter, received the present week from Mr. J. W. Davis, of Tacoma, is fully self-explanatory, and the LEADER gives it place with pleasure:

TACOMA, WASH., March 11, 1891.

Editor Port Crescent Leader:

DEAR SIR:—I notice in your paper of the 5th inst., an article on the Queets River. Know, then, that you didn't do it justice. There are no such elevations on the river as fifty feet per mile. Where the river issues from under the glacier at Mount Olympus, it is several feet in width, and is only about 850 or 900 feet above the level of the ocean. The river is sixty miles long, and in its valley are the finest farming lands in Western Washington. All the way through from the Solduck south to the Humptulips river, there is a belt, from 15 to 25 miles wide, of good farming land: and the Quinaiult Indian Reserve is all good land—making, all told, the largest body of agricultural land in Western Washington.

In regard to myself, I would refer you to Lieut. John E. Lutz. I am not writing you for the purpose of getting my name into print, but in order to get you to give the country in question all the credit it deserves. Do this and you can't possibly praise it too much. I am yours,

J. W. DAVIS.

MESSRS. E. E. Fisher and C. L. Babcock, of Port Angeles, spent several days recently, at Lake Crescent, the most picturesque and charming resort in Western Washington.

FOR - SALE.

HIGH GRADE

DURHAM CATTLE

Berkshire Pigs

—AND—

Leicester Sheep.

APPLY TO

J. W. TOLMIE,

P. O. BOX 226, VICTORIA, B. C.

L. B. HASTINGS. W. G. STRONG.

L. B. HASTINGS & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Hardware,

Stoves, Ranges

And Tinware,

336 WATER STREET,

PORT TOWNSEND, - WASHINGTON.

HUNTERS, ATTENTION.

IF YOU NEED ANYTHING IN THE LINE OF

Guns,—Pistols,—Ammunition

OR SPORTING GOODS

SEND YOUR ORDER TO

McGarvin & Draper

211 WATER STREET, PORT TOWNSEND, WASHINGTON.

WE HAVE THE MOST COMPLETE

Lines of These Goods, and Will Not be Undersold.

GUN REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

FORTUNES - ARE - QUICKLY - MADE

OUT OF INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE, but everything depends upon where the investments are placed. Experienced and successful buyers always seek to invest their money in A TOWN WITH AN ASSURED FUTURE, and one where there is a reason for the upward tendency of prices. And it is this class of investors who are interesting themselves most heavily in Business and Residence Lots in PORT CRESCENT, and in acreage lying close to the city.

If You are Seeking a Good, Secure Investment,

You Can Find it in Real Estate in or Adjoining

PORT CRESCENT,

The First Deep Water Harbor in from the Pacific Ocean,

The Ocean Terminus of the Northern Pacific R. R. Co.,

AND THE POINT from which direct connection will be had with British Columbia, via Victoria. The VICTORIA, PORT CRESCENT & CHEHALIS R. R.—work on which is now under way—will give Port Crescent direct connection with all the principal points in the East and the Pacfiic Northwest, and open up to the world the great Olympic Peninsula, with its inexhaustible forests of Alaska Cedar, Fir and Hemlock, and its thousands of acres of Rich Farming Lands. This Railroad is to be built the present year, and its building will be attended by a period of rapid development that will mean a great deal to those who have wisely invested in PORT CRESCENT REAL ESTATE, or who interest themselves here in proper season.

THE - MARVELOUS - HISTORY - OF - TACOMA

WILL BE REPEATED HERE, and if you want to join Prosperity's Procession, you can find no more advantageous time to do so than right now. We want you to inform yourself as to the potent reasons why you can now find a profitable field for investment here, and will take pleasure in putting you in possession of such information as you may desire. We have a choice line of

Business, Residence and Acreage Property

FOR SALE, and will cheerfully furnish you all detailed information as to Prices, Terms, Location, etc., on application. We give especial attention to the selection of City or Acreage Property for

Non-Resident Investors,

TO WHOM we give the full benefit of all the information we possess, and place their money where we believe it will produce the quickest and the largest returns.

Bargains in Acreage for Prompt Buyers.

160 acres two miles from Port Crescent and one-half mile from the beach.

40.9 acres, one-half mile from Port Crescent.

80 acres adjoining the Townsite.

40 acres in Section 5, Township 30 N., Range 8 West.

HARRY E. LUTZ & CO.

REAL ESTATE AND INVESTMENT BROKERS, PORT CRESCENT, WASH.

Maps Furnished on Application. Correspondence Solicited.

THE OFFICIAL DECREE.

Continued from First Page.

ment agent; fraud on the part of the purchaser has been found, be confirmed and patented upon presentation of satisfactory proof to the Land Department of such sale or incumbrance: *Provided*, That after the lapse of two years from the date of the issuance of the receiver's receipt upon the final entry of any tract of land under the homestead, timber-culture, desert-land, or pre-emption laws, or under this act, and when there shall be no pending contest or protest against the validity of such entry, the entryman shall be entitled to a patent conveying the land by him entered, and the same shall be issued to him; but this proviso shall not be construed to require the delay of two years from the date of said entry before the issue of a patent therefor.

SEC. 8. That suits by the United States to vacate and annul any patent heretofore issued shall only be brought within five years from the passage of this act, and suits to vacate and annul patents hereafter issued shall only be brought within six years after the date of the issuance of such patents; and in the states of Colorado, Montana, Idaho, North Dakota and South Dakota, Wyoming, and in the district of Alaska and the gold and silver regions of Nevada and the Territory of Utah, in any criminal prosecution or civil action by the United States for a trespass on such public timber lands or to recover timber or lumber cut thereon it shall be a defense if the defendant shall show that the said timber was so cut or removed from the timber lands for use in such State or Territory by a resident thereof, for agricultural, mining, manufacturing or domestic purposes, and has not been transported out of the same; but nothing herein contained shall apply to operate to enlarge the rights of any railway company to cut timber on the public domain: *Provided*, That the Secretary of the Interior may make suitable rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this section.

SEC. 9. That hereafter no public lands of the United States, except abandoned military or other reservations, isolated and disconnected fractional tracts authorized to be sold by section 2455 of the Revised Statutes, and mineral and other lands, the sale of which, at public auction, has been authorized by acts of Congress of a special nature, having local application, shall be sold at public sale.

SEC. 10. That nothing in this act shall change, repeal or modify any agreements or treaties made with any Indian tribes for the disposal of their lands, or of land ceded to the United States to be disposed of for the benefit of such tribes, and the proceeds thereof to be placed in the Treasury of the United States; and the disposition of such lands shall continue in accordance with the provisions of such treaties or agreements, except as provided in secton 5 of this act.

Potato, Vick's Perfection.

This variety has been grown and thoroughly tested, and the report comes from every quarter that it is one of the finest potatoes for general purposes. Its wonderful productiveness, fine appearance and good cooking qualities have made it a great favorite where known. The tubers grow compact in the hill, and are large and uniform in size, oblong inclining to oval, but generally flattened. Color white, with tinge of pink around the eyes, similar to the Hebron. The vine is of a strong, vigorous growth, yet stocky and short jointed, maturing almost the same as White Star. The introducer of this potato, Mr. James Vick, Seedsman, Rochester, N. Y., says it will prove of great value for field culture and become very popular.

We advise our friends to send for Vick's Floral Guide, price only 10 cents, which amount may be deducted from the first order."

The Scientific American, published by the great patent agency firm of Munn & Co., New York, is the most practically useful publication of its kind in the country. Indeed, it occupies a field distinctively its own. Not alone for the machinist, manufacturer or scientist, but it is a journal for popular perusal and study. It is the standard authority on scientific and mechanical subjects. It is placed at a very low rate of subscription, $3 per annum, which places it within the reach of all.

PORT CRESCENT
TRANSFER AND FEED
STABLE.

WE ARE PREPARED to do all manner of Heavy Hauling and Draying. Horses always in readiness to meet the requirements of Ranchers, Cruisers, Hunters and Tourists. Prices always reasonable. We'll be glad to serve you in any way we can. Just tell us what you want.

AL. MILLER, PROPRIETOR.

The "Life of Gen. Sherman."

The enterprising Pacific Publishing Co., of Portland and San Francisco, are again to the front. This time it is the "life of General Sherman," written by the deceased general's fellow-warrior and bosom friend, Major General Howard, assisted by that most popular of all biographers, W. Fletcher Johnson, author of "The Johnstown Flood," and the "Life of Sitting Bull and the Indian War," also brought out on this coast by the Pacific Publishing Co. A grateful nation is at all times ready to honor the memory of her brave sons, who during life have followed the Stars and Stripes upon the gory field of battle, and this is particularly the case with the last of the great War Heroes, who has just been summoned by the grim call of death to throw off this mortal coil, full of years; full of honor; full of glory; full of the love, affection and gratitude of his fellow citizens; full of everything, indeed, that goes to insure an enviable immortality to the memory of the departed.

This beautiful work, just issued by our friends, the Pacific Publishing Co., will be no mean factor in keeping green for many years to come the late general's early life; his great war record at Bull Run, at Shiloh, at Memphis, at Vicksburg, at Chattanooga, at Knoxville, at Missionary Ridge, at Atlanta, and last, but far from the least, that glorious and immortal "March to the Sea," the generalship and military grandeur of which has probably never been surpassed in the annals of warfare. All these matters are vividly dealt with by the able authors; and when it is remembered that General Howard has, with the consent of the late general's family, had access to all the private diaries and correspondence of General Sherman, for the purpose of enabling him to do justice to the subject he had taken in hand, there can be no doubt but that the book under notice is an authentic and reliable biography of the deceased soldier. It is illustrated by portraits, battle scenes, etc., from end to end. The steel plate engraving of the late General, from a photograph taken just before his last illness, in his general's uniform, is a very fine likeness, and a masterpiece of the engraver's art.

The book should find its way into every patriotic home in the country. See the publisher's advertisement in another column.

HARRY E. LUTZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
PORT CRESCENT, WASHINGTON.
OFFICE—ON CRESCENT AVENUE.

HOTEL
MARKHAM
STRICTLY FIRST CLASS
IN EVERY RESPECT.
EXCELLENT ROOMS,
A PERFECT TABLE,
COURTEOUS SERVICE.
ONE OF THE FINEST HOTELS on the Coast, and one where the comfort of guests is carefully studied by the management.
RICH. McDONNELL, MANAGER.
PORT CRESCENT, WASH.

NOLTON & ADAMS HARDWARE CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Hardware, - Stoves, - Ranges
AND TINWARE.
Mill - and - Loggers' - Supplies.
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES AND HARNESS.
GUNS, AMMUNITION, AND FISHING TACKLE.
401-403 WATER ST., COR. TYLER,
PORT TOWNSEND, WASHINGTON.
WAREHOUSE ON TYLER STREET WHARF.

Washington Fur Company.
OUR STOCK OF
Crockery, Hats, Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Medicines, Paints, Etc.
IS NOW COMPLETE, and we respectfully invite a careful examination thereof, believing that we can satisfy everyone in our territory that it is to their interest to make purchases here. Arrangements have been made for keeping regularly supplied with new goods.
LA PUSH, ------ WASH.

Port Townsend Chop House,
H. Trapeur, Prop'r.
The Best Restaurant
IN THE CITY. Only Experienced Cooks employed. Apartments for FAMILIES and Dinner Parties. Private entrance for Ladies.
PRIVATE - DINNERS - SERVED - AT - SHORT - NOTICE.
MT. BAKER BLOCK, PORT TOWNSEND, WASH.

RANCHERS, — CRUISERS, — MINERS,
PROSPECTORS,
HUNTERS AND TOURISTS,
WE CAN FURNISH YOU with a full line of supplies, at prices that will make it unprofitable for you to buy your outfits elsewhere.
WE CARRY EVERYTHING YOU REQUIRE,
AND YOU will find it the part of wisdom to buy of us. We have made special preparations to meet your every want, and you will find our establishment a satisfactory place at which to deal.
WE CARRY a choice and well-selected stock of Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, Comforts, Blankets and Ammunition, and an especially fine line of CANNED GOODS.
S. J. LUTZ & CO.,
PORT CRESCENT, WASH

PORT CRESCENT.

THE POINT at which the American Continent most nearly approaches Vancouver Island, the distance being LESS THAN TEN MILES. The most favorable point for DIRECT INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION between the two countries.

THE HARBOR is already, to a large degree, protected from the west and east by projecting headlands, but

Breakwaters which will Double
Its Capacity are Being Provided,

At a cost of $350,000. The more important one is in full progress and partly completed.

PORT CRESCENT is the extreme western port of Puget Sound, and THE FIRST DEEP-WATER HARBOR north of San Francisco, without a bar, a shoal or a sandbank. It will accommodate 120 ships at cable length, besides 100 more alongside wharves. A short and clear waterway of 43 miles to the ocean, enables ships to dispense with the heavy charges necessarily incurred for tugs and pilots on the Columbia river and the upper ports of Puget Sound.

ITS UNIQUE GEOGRAPHICAL POSITION SECURED FOR IT THE ATTENTION OF

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,
WHO DECIDED TO ADOPT IT AS AN
OCEAN TERMINUS,
AFTER A CAREFUL EXAMINATION OF ITS CAPACITIES.

THE PRESIDENT of that corporation, Mr. Thomas F. Oakes, of New York, and other influential officers of the Northern Pacific, are Trustees of the Victoria, Port Crescent & Chehalis Railroad Company, with a Capital of $4,000,000. This line will run from Port Crescent westward of the Olympic Mountains and connect with the existing Northern Pacific system now being extended to Gray's Harbor. The clearing of the first section of the Right of Way from Port Crescent IS NOW IN PROGRESS, and the president states that construction of the line will begin at both ends early in the spring, and BE COMPLETED BY THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.

AN ESSENTIAL FEATURE IN THIS PROJECT IS THE
Ferrying of Solid Northern Pacific Trains
OVER TO PORT BECHER, on Vancouver Island, and thence, along a line to be also built by the Northern Pacific, into
The City of Victoria, B. C.,
Conveying freight without breaking bulk and passengers without change of vehicle.

SEVERAL STORES, hotels, warehouses and residences have already been built, and all indications go to show that a city of the very first rank must arise here.

I HAVE LOTS FROM $40 AND $50 UPWARDS.
And Most Eligible Acreage, within one-quarter and one-half mile of the city, which, at present prices, must return very large profits to investors; and I will gladly afford further particulars, with maps and full information.

WM. NEWTON,
Real Estate Broker, Conveyancer and Financial Agent,
Port Crescent, - - Washington.

CHINESE :-: LAUNDRY
Washing and Ironing
DONE AT REASONABLE RATES AND IN THE BEST MANNER,
And Done Promptly.
SING HOP LEE, Prop,r.

W. S. MILLER,
Justice of the Peace,
Notary Public
And Conveyancer.
PORT CRESCENT, WASH.

Port Angeles and Neah Bay Route.
The Steamer Garland
A. W. HORNE, MASTER,
LEAVES PORT TOWNSEND FROM UNION DOCK, FOR
Port Angeles, Port Crescent and Neah Bay
AND WAY PORTS, MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY, at 8:30 A. M. Returning, arrives at Port Townsend Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 9:30 A. M. Calling both ways at Port Crescent, Lyle River, Pysht and Clallam Bay. Leaves Port Townsend every Tuesday and Saturday at 11 A. M. Returning, leaves Seattle every Wednesday and Sunday at 3 A. M. ARRIVES AT PORT CRESCENT AT 2 P. M. Leaves for Port Townsend at 2 A. M. For Freight or Passage apply on board.

THE MILLIONS OF GOLD

That Secretary of the Treasury Foster Has Undertaken to Care For.

THE STORE HOUSE OF $800,000,000.

Through Which Frank G. Carpenter Took an Interesting Ramble—The Largest Silver Mine in the World—The Little Receipt for $771,432,329 Given by Treasurer Huston A Terrible Responsibility, that Simply Kills—Guarding Uncle Sam's Millions.

MR. FRANK G. CARPENTER, one of the most brilliant and widely-read correspondents now contributing matter to the great daily newspapers, paid a visit, a few days ago, to Secretary of the Treasury Foster and the mammoth institution over which he presides, the outcome of which was a two-column article, every line of which is interesting. From the heart of Mr. Carpenter's letter, this entertaining extract is made. Speaking of the tremendous task that Mr. Foster has undertaken to discharge, he says:

THE BIG TREASURY MACHINE.

Have you ever thought what a mighty job it is?

When Secretary Folger died in the attempt to keep track of it, did it strike you that the care of millions preyed upon his mind until death came to his release? When Secretary Manning figured the interest of our big government debt and watched the outgoing and incoming of millions every day, the responsibility of this mighty treasury machine ate the life out of him, and when Secretary Windom grappled with it in his strength, it overthrew him. The fight seems to be different with Secretary Foster. Business men are born, not made; and Foster inherited the knack of managing men and money. His experience has enabled him to make a fortune for himself, and his power of organization is such that he has already gotten his hands accustomed to the keys of Uncle Sam's finances, and he is running the machine systematically and well.

What a mighty machine it is, and how wide are its ramifications!

He has to have 20,000 men to help him, and the wires run from his office to every part of the country. In the customs service alone, he has 4,000 employees. There are 3,500 men at work here at Washington, and his internal revenue agents are scattered up and down the lakes, over the country and through the southern mountains to the number of nearly 3,500 more. The life saving service is under him, and he has 1000 men who do nothing but melt gold and silver bullion and coin money at the mints. He has ships in his revenue marine bureau. He watches over the lighthouses along our coast, and he takes charge of every dollar that is paid in for government taxes in any way, and gives out every cent that is spent by Uncle Sam in any undertaking.

A RECEIPT FOR $700,000,000.

How much money do you think the government has on hand?

Well, when Treasurer Huston came into his office as United States Treasurer, he gave a receipt for just what he found here, and this receipt was the largest ever given in the history of the world. A fac-simile of it is framed and hung up in the treasurer's office, and English visitors put their hands to their heads in amazement, and feel to see if their eyes are really open when they look at it. It is a receipt for $771,432,329.45¾. This is about the amount which is on hand in this massive building to-day. It is the balance which Secretary Foster has under him, and which remains just about so much, notwithstanding the millions upon millions which come and go.

Uncle Sam deals in big figures. I looked at a check yesterday for $67,000,000 which was signed by the treasurer, and there are something like $300,000,000 of gold and silver in the vaults of this mighty department.

Can you realize how much $67,000,000 means?

I can't, but I know that General Washington was almost wild about the debt of this country when he took the presidency and found that the government owed $75,000,000. Still we give a check for $67,000,000 and the amount does not surprise us.

THE BIGGEST SILVER MINE IN THE WORLD.

Leaving Secretary Foster's office, I went with one of the guards out into the court which lies in the center of this massive treasury department, just over the great vaults. The treasury is built in the form of two hollow squares and around this court rose three-story walls on all sides. It was roofed only by the skies and it was flagged with great blocks of stone as big as a center-table. It covered, I judge, a quarter of an acre, and as I walked over it, I had beneath me the biggest silver mine in the world. In the vault below there were $90,000,000 of silver in boxes and bags, and under my feet, separated only by a foot or two of stone, was gold by the millions. Guarding it were the great fort-like walls on every side and within the treasury, policemen, who walk continuously to and fro and watch the great doors which lead down to the entrance of these vaults.

The Land Law Amendments.

The new bill recently passed by Congress, repealing the timber culture and pre-emption laws, is the subject of much comment among land office attorneys, says the Seattle Telegraph.

An important feature of the new law is that it provides that homesteaders cannot commute in six months, as heretofore, but must live upon their claims fourteen months before securing title to the land.

In addition to this, it annuls all contests for lands for which final proof has been made by the settler, but before patent has been issued.

In speaking of the new law Hon. T. M. Reed, Register of the land office, said: "This bill annuls all contests in the land office against entries made by settlers after final proof has been accepted and receipts issued.

"The provision has been that after final proof has been made the department has jurisdiction until after the patent has been issued.

"In some cases, after making his pooof, the man sells the land; this law makes the certificace absolute in proving title to the party or his transferees. This will dispose of about one-third of the contests now brought, as it is common for men to make complaints against a timber entry before patent has been issued, alleging fraud, etc. From the telegrams, it seems that Congress intends that the general land office itself should not investigate entries after final proof has been made.

"The bill repealing pre-emption laws, does not affect pre-emptions already instituted. Final proof can be made the same as heretofore. Whether it affects homesteads heretofore filed requiring a residence for six months, I am not able to say, and will not be, until we receive our instructions, which we expect in about two weeks."

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with an act passed by the Legislature of the state of Washington, March 20, 1890, entitled, "An Act to establish a uniform standard of weights and measures in this state, and to provide for a state Sealer and inspector of the same." The law provides that

"The county auditor of each county shall be the sealer of weights and measures for the county, and shall have the care and custody of the County Standards."

"SECTION 5. The several county sealers shall try and prove all weights and measures, scales and beams, when requested so to do, and when the same are found or made to conform to the legal standard, they shall seal and mark such weights and measures with a seal to be kept by them for that purpose.

"SECTION 6. The state and county sealers of weights and measures in this state shall charge for testing or sealing any beam or scale the sum of fifty cents: *Provided*, that no charge shall be made for testing or sealing weights for counter, gold or apothecary scales, and for each and every weight or measure, ten cents; for sealing and marking liquid and dry measures, if the same be a gallon or more, ten cents; if less than a gallon, five cents. They shall also be entitled to a reasonable compensation for making such weights and measures conform to the standards established by this act."

"SECTION 8. That any person in this state who shall, after thirty days subsequent to published notice from the county sealer of weights and measures, as provided in section four of this act, be found to be using any false or fraudulent beam, scale, weight or measure, and who shall fail or neglect, on written notice of the same, from any person aggrieved or in any way cognizant thereof, to have said imperfect beam, scale, weight or measure duly inspected, and by proper authority adjusted and sealed, or who shall use the same scale, weight or measure subsequent to said notice without correction or adjustment, as provided in this act, any person so offending shall be liable to an action in law and penalty of twenty five dollars for each and every offense, to be paid into the county fund."

"SECTION 10. In the sale of fruits, vegetables and all other articles sold by heaped measure, one thousand two hundred and eighty-two (1,282) cubic inches shall constitute a half-bushel."

"SECTION 11. The hundred-weight shall consist of one hundred pounds, and twenty such hundred-weights shall constitute a ton."

"SECTION 12. Whenever any of the following articles shall be contracted for, or sold or delivered, and no special contract or agreement shall be made to the contrary, the weight per bushel shall be as follows, to wit: Wheat, sixty-six pounds; oats, thirty-six pounds; barley, forty-eight pounds, buckwheat, forty-two pounds; dried apples or peaches, twenty-eight pounds; potatoes, sixty pounds; green apples or pears, forty-five pounds; flax, fifty-six pounds."

"SECTION 13. Whoever, in buying any of the articles mentioned in the preceding section shall take any greater number of pounds thereof to the bushel, or in selling any of said articles shall give any less number of pounds thereof to the bushel than is allowed by said section, with intent to gain advantage thereby, except when expressly authorized so to do by special contract or agreement to that effect, shall be liable to the party injured in double the amount of the property so wrongfully taken or not given, and ten dollars in addition thereto, to be recovered in any court or competent jurisdiction."

Now, therefore, I, B. John Baker, auditor of Clallam County, State of Washington, do hereby, in pursuance with the above act, give due notice that I am prepared to inspect and seal all weights and measures, according to law, and would respectfully call the attention of all persons using weights and measures to the penalty [see section 8] for their non-compliance thereto.

B. JOHN BAKER,
Auditor.

PROCLAMATION

—BY—

THE GOVERNOR.

WHEREAS, Pursuant to the provisions of Article XIV of the State Constitution of the Washington, the question of permanent location of the capital of said State was submitted to vote of the qualified electors of the then Territory of Washington on the first day of October, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, At said election the vote resulted as follows for the State Capital: For Olympia, 25,490; for North Yakima, 11,711; for Ellensburgh, 12,833; for Centralia, 607; for Yakima, 314; for Pasco, 130; scattering, 1,088; and

WHEREAS, There being no choice at said election, no place having received a majority of the votes cast at said election; and

WHEREAS, Pursuant to the terms of said Article of said Constitution the question of permanent location of State Capital was again submitted to vote of the people in said State at its general election held November the fourth, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and ninety, with the following result: For Olympia, 37,113; for North Yakima, 6,276; for Ellensburgh, 7,722; scattering, 2; and

WHEREAS, At said last-named election the City of Olympia in said State received a constitutional majority required by law for the permanent capital of said State;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, CHAS. E. LAUGHTON, Lieutenant Governor and Acting Governor of the State of Washington, do hereby proclaim that said

CITY OF OLYMPIA,

Situated in Thurston County, in said State, has been duly selected and is the permanent Capital and Seat of Government in and for said State.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand officially, and caused the seal of the State of Washington to be attached at Olympia, this eighteenth day of February, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and fifteenth.

[SEAL]

By the Governor: CHAS. E. LAUGHTON,
BRAD W. DAVIS, Secretary of State. Lieutenant Governor and Acting Governor.

OWNERS OF RANCHES

WHO ARE desirous of selling all or a portion of their claims, will do well to list their property with us. Our facilities for handling property of this class are unexcelled, for our lines lead to market. Come in and let us know what you have to offer.

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Notice to Patrons

Having disposed of my stock of general merchandise to MR. A. E. TOWER, who will in the future conduct the business at the stand formerly occupied by me, I desire to request all those who are indebted to me to make settlement of their accounts without delay. All accounts up to the first of January, 1891 are to be settled with me. Accounts contracted since that date will be settled with Mr. Tower.

JOHN F. RANEY.

I want to say a word, in own my behalf, to those patrons who have heretofore favored MR. RANEY with their trade, and to all persons in this community who have occasion to purchase supplies of any kind. I have just laid in a very satisfactory general stock of new goods, that have been marked at prices so low as to commend them to buyers, and promise to use my utmost endeavors to satisfy and please the trade, in every way. My establishment will be conducted with a view of affording the largest possible accommodation to the people of this section, in the way of a desirable stock from which to make selections, and I hope to be favored with a fair share of patronage. I'll certainly try to merit it.

Respectfully,
A. E. TOWER.

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Land and Timber Notices.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., FEBRUARY 23, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Seattle, Wash., on Tuesday, April 14, 1891, viz:

JOHN LENDERMAN,

Hd. App. No. 10,321, for the Lot 1 Sec. 4, Lot 4 Sec. 3, Tp. 30 N., R. 8 W., and SE ¼ SE ¼ Sec. 33, and SW ¼ SW ¼ Sec. 34, Tp. 31 N., R. 8 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Andrew Backers, W. S. Miller, James A. McFarland and Petter Johanson, all of Port Crescent Wash.

T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., FEBRUARY 23, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Seattle, Wash., on Tuesday, April 14, 1891, viz:

PETTER JOHANSON,

Hd. App. No. 8,713, for the N ½ SW ¼ Sec. 3, and N. ½ SE ¼ Sec. 4, Tp. 30 N., R. 8 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

W. S. Miller, Andrew Backers, James A. McFarland and John Lenderman, all of Port Crescent, Wash.

40-45 T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., FEBRUARY 12, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Seattle, Wash., on Monday, April 20th, 1891, viz:

ANDREW JOHNSEN,

Hd. App. No. 12,291, for the Lot 1; NE ¼ SW ¼; W ½ SW ¼, Sec. 14, Tp. 28 N., R. 14 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

James McAdam, John Tellesbo, Frank Logan and Robert Hansen, all of Quillayute.

39-44 T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., FEBRUARY 1, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of Superior Court, at Port Angeles, Wash., on Thursday, March 26th, 1891, viz:

OLAUS CHRISTIANSEN REDERVOLDSRUD,

Hd. App. No. 13,259, for the W ½ NW ¼ and N ½ SW ¼ Sec. 34, Tp. 31 N., R. 8 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John Udd, Frans Oscar Roos, August Peterson and Peter Johnson, all of Port Crescent, Wash.

38-43 T. M. REED, jr., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., JANUARY 27th, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington territory,"

JOSEPH I. KIRSCHBERG,

of Port Angeles, Clallam county, State of Wash., has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5996, for the purchase of the W ½ NE ¼ and E ½ NW ¼ of Section No. 8, in Township No. 30 North, Range No. 8 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, Wash., on Thursday, the 23d day of April, 1891.

He names as witnesses: Robt. N. Wilson and Eugene E. Hopkins, of Port Angeles; Joel H. Albright, of Port Crescent, and Aaron S. Cordell, of Port Townsend, all of Wash.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands, are requested to file their claims in this office, on or before said 23d day of April, 1891.

39-48 T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, SEATTLE, WASH. FEBRUARY 4th, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale or timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington territory,"

EDWIN NORUM,

of Marysville, county of Snohomish, state of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6,001, for the purchase of the NW ¼ of Section No. 22, in Township No. 28 N., Range No. 13 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, Wash., on Thursday, the 23d day of April, 1891.

He names as witnesses: Robert Porter, of Beaver, John Crawford and Whittier Merrill, of Forks Prairie, and Peter White, of Pysht, all of Wash.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23d day of April, 1891.

38 47 T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, SEATTLE, WASH., JANUARY 30, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory,"

PEARL L. NICHOLAS,

of Port Crescent, County of Clallam, State of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5998, for the purchase of the N ½ NE ¼ of Section 21, and W ½ NW ¼ Section No. 22, in Township No. 30 North, Range No. 8 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, Wash., on Thursday, the 23d day of April, 1891.

He names as witnesses: J. A. McFarland, A. J. Bowman, J. F. Raney and C. L. Wilson, all of Port Crescent, Wash.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23d day of April, 1891.

37-46 T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, Wash., JANUARY 28, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory,"

JESSE BROWN,

of Seattle, County of King, State of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5997, for the purchase of the SE ¼ of Section No. 8, in Township No. 30 North, Rahge 8 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, Wash., on Thursday, the 23d day of April, 1891.

He names as witnesses: E. Turner and J. Herington, of Seattle, and James McFarland and Joel H. Albright, of Port Crescent, all of Wash.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23d day of April, 1891.

37 46 T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., MARCH 14, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of Superior Court at Port Angeles, Wash., on Thursday, May 7, 1891, viz:

CHARLES ST. JOHN,

Hd. App. No. 12,689, for the W ½ SW ¼ Sec. 4; E ½ SE ¼ Sec. 5, Tp. 31 N., R. 11 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

William W. Madison, John Magee, Thomas Reed and Johan Johanson, all of Pysht, Wash.

43-48 T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., MARCH 14, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice or his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of Superior Court at Port Angeles, Wash., on Thursday, May 7, 1891, viz:

WM. W. MADISON,

Pre. D. S. No. 16,165, for the SE ¼ NW ¼ and Lots 3, 4 and 5, Sec. 6, Tp. 31 N., R. 11 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charles St John, John Magee, Thomas Reed and Johan Johanson, all of Pysht, Wash.

43-48 T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., MARCH 11, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Seattle, Wash., on Wednesday, May 20, 1891, viz:

OTTO DIMMEL,

Pre. D. S. No. 16,471, for the W ½ SW ¼ Sec. 17; NW ¼ NW ¼ Sec. 20, Tp. 31 N., R. 11 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Henry Stelwell, Rudolph Nommensen, Hugh B. Fulton and James Duncan, all of Pysht, Wash.

43-48 T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., FEBRUARY 16th, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Seattle, Wash., on Tuesday, April 7th, 1891, viz:

PETER DIPPOLD,

Pre. D. S., No. 15,674, for the S ½ SE ¼, Sec. 26 and N ½ NE ¼ Sec. 35, Tp. 28 N., R. 15 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

George Brandt, Leo Geotz, Carl Markha and John Markworth, all of La Push, Wash.

T. M. REED, jr., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., FEBRUARY 12th, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver, at Seattle, Wash., on Monday, April 20th, 1891, viz:

JAMES MCADAM,

Hd. App. No. 11,535, for the Lot 7, Sec. 14, and Lots 2, 3, 4 and 7 and SE ¼ NW ¼ Sec. 23, Tp. 28 N., R. 14 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Frank Logan, Andrew Johnson, John Tellesbo and Robert Hanson, all of Quillayute, Wash.

39-44 T. M. REED, jr., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SETTLE, WASH., FEBRUARY 12th, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Seattle, Wash., on Monday, April 20, 1891, viz:

FRANK LOGAN,

Hd. App. No. 11,765, for the Lots 1, 2, 3, Sec. 22 and Lots 5 and 6, Sec. 23, Tp. 28 N., R. 14 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

James McAdam, Andrew Johnson, John Tellsbo and Robert Hanson, all of Quillayute, Wash.

39-44 T. M. REED, jr., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., JANUARY 31, 1891.

To James M. Dinsmore, Nicholas V. Sheffer, Jos. Buscher, and all others whom it may concern:

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of Superior Court at Port Angeles, Wash., on Wednesday, March 25th, 1891, viz:

BENJAMIN H. BURGESS,

Pre. D. S. No. 16,462, for the SE ¼ SW ¼; SW ¼ SE ¼ Sec. 20, Tp. 32 N., R. 12 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Robert Smith, Charles B. Menson, Daniel W. Johnston and Fred W. Morris, all of Clallam Bay, Wash.

37-42 T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., FEBRUARY 12, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver, at Seattle, Wash., on Monday, April 20th, 1891, viz:

JOHN TELLESBO,

Hd. App. No. 12,290, for the NE ¼ Sec. 14, Tp. 28 N., R. 14 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Frank Logan, Andrew Johnsen, James McAdam and Robert Hanson, all of Quillayute, Wash.

39-44 T. M. REED, jr., Register.

Notice for Publication.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, SEATTLE, WASH., FEBRUARY 1, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory,"

WALTER S. WESTOVER,

of Seattle, county of King, State of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6,000, for the purchase of the NE ¼ of Section No. 28, in Tp. No. 28 North, Range No. 13 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, Wash., on Thursday, the 23d day of April, 1891.

He names as witnesses: Robert Porter, of Beaver, John Crawford and Whittier Merrill, of Forks Prairie, and Peter White, of Pysht, all of Wash.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23d day of April, 1891.

38-47 T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., MARCH 4th, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of Superior Court, at Port Angeles, Wash., on Friday, April 24th, 1891, viz:

JOHN L. DICKERSON,

Pre. D. S., No. 16,451, for the S ½ NE ¼ and N ½ SE ¼ Sec. 28, Tp. 31 N., R. 11 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

James M. Duncan, H. B. Fulton, Fred E. Whitcom and Randolph Nommenson, all of Pysht, Wash.

T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., FEBRUARY 21, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of Superior Court, at Port Angeles, Wash., on Saturday, May 9, 1891 viz:

HUGH B. FULTON,

Pre. D. S. No. 16,420, for the S ½ Sec. 15, Tp. 31 N., R. 12 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Henry C. Stilwell, James M. Duncan, Otto Dummel and Rudolph Nommensen, all of Pysht, Wash.

T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., MARCH 4, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Seattle, Wash., on Wednesday, April 22d, 1891, viz:

MINA KNOWLES,

Pre. D. S. No. 16,085, for the SW ¼ Sec. 14, Tp. 30 N., R. 8 W.

She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Andrew Backers, H. J. Bowman, Franz Oscar Roos and Gus Wasankari, all of Port Crescent, Wash.

T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASH., FEBRUARY 21, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of Superior Court at Port Angeles, Wash., on Saturday, May 9th, 1891, viz:

JAMES M. DUNCAN,

Pre. D. S. No. 16,420, for the SW ¼ Sec. 33, Tp. 31 N. R. 11 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Hugh B. Fulton, Henry C. Stillwell, Otto Dummel and Rudolph Nommensen, all of Pysht, Wash.

T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, SEATTLE, WASH., FEBRUARY 4th, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington territory,"

ARTHUR M. WESTOVER,

of Marysville, county of Snohomish, state of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6002, for the purchase of the SE ¼ of Section No. 21, in Township No. 28 North, Range No. 13 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office, at Seattle, Wash., on Friday, the 24th day of April, 1891.

He names as witnesses: Robert Porter, of Beaver, John Crawford and Whittier Merrill of Forks, and Peter White, of Pysht, all of Wash.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands, are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 24th day of April, 1891.

38-47 T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, SEATTLE, WASH., FEBRUARY 3, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory."

WILLIAM F. TEEPLE,

of Marysville, county of Snohomish, State of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6,002, for the purchase of the SW ¼ of Section No. 21, in Township No. 28 North, Range No. 13 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, Wash., on Friday, the 24th day of April, 1891.

He names as witnesses: Robert Porter, of Beaver, John Crawford and Whittier Merrill, of Forks Prairie, and Peter White, of Pysht, all of Wash.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 24th day of April, 1891.

38-47 T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, SEATTLE, WASH., FEBRUARY 17, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, etitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory."

JOHN MELLOW,

of Tacoma, county of Pierce, state of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6,013, for the purchase of the W ½ NW ¼ of Section No. 25, Township No. 31 North, Range No. 10 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, Wash., on Thursday, the 14th day of May, 1891.

He names as witnesses: William A. Geeotz, Antony J. Corcoran, Samuel McClure and John Alexander, all of Gettysburg, Clallam county Wash.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requestad to file their claims in this office on or before said 14th day of May, 1891.

10-19 T. M. REED, JR., Register.

Notice for Publication.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, SEATTLE, WASH., JANUARY 27, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory,"

LEWIS LEVY,

of Port Angeles, county of Clallam, State of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No 5,999, for the purchase of the E ½ NE ¼ of Section No. 8, and W ½ NW ¼ of Section No. 9, in Township No. 30 North, Range No. 8 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, Wash., on Thursday, the 23d day of April, 1891.

He names as witnesses: Robert N. Wilson Eugene E. Hopkins, of Port Angeles; Joel H. Albright, of Port Crescent, and Aaron S. Cordell, of Port Townsend, all of Washington.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23d day of April, 1891.

39-48 T. M. REED, JR., Register.